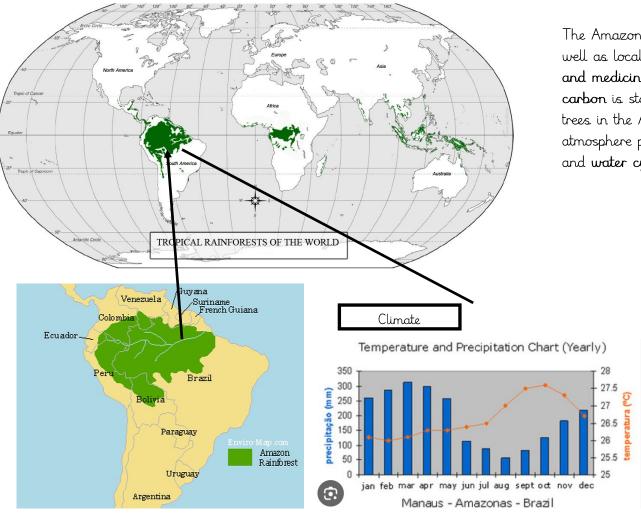
## What is a biome? What are the 5 major types?

A biome is a large area characterized by its vegetation, soil, climate, and wildlife. There are 5 main types of bioomes: aquatic, grassland, forest, desert, and tundra, though some of these biomes can be further divided into more specific categories, such

as freshwater, marine, savanna, tropical rainforest, temperate rainforest, and taiga.



## AMAZON RAINFOREST AND BIOMES KNOWLEDGE ORGANISOR The rainforest canopy

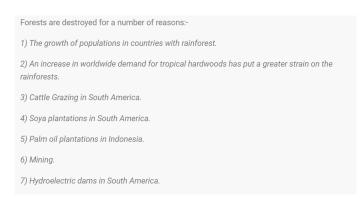
The rainforest canopy is divided into four main layers: the **emergent layer** consists of the tallest trees (emergent trees) which can grow to heights of 70m. These trees act as a buffer, sheltering he lower trees from heavy rains.

Beneath this layer is the main **canopy** of smaller trees which are intertwined with climbing vines and hold flowering plants, called epiphytes, on their branches.

Below this is the understorey containing young saplings and shrubs.

The final layer, the dark **forest floor**, contains only a few plants, as only 2% of the sunlight reaches this layer of the forest, making it difficult for plants to grow.

The Amazon is of vital importance because people around the world, as well as locally, depend on the rainforest. Not just for food, water, wood and medicines, but to help stabilise the climate—150-200 billion tons of carbon is stored and oxygen released in the Amazon rainforest. The trees in the Amazon also release 20 billion tonnes of water into the atmosphere per day, playing a critical role in global and regional carbon and water cycle.



Humid and warm, the region has all the typical attributes of a tropical environment. Temperatures usually average 27.9 C during the dry season, and 25.8 C during the rainy

season.